Long-term mercury deposition in Nevada and Utah with implications to aquatic biota and potential human health effects



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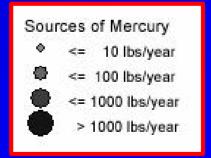




PROBLEM



Long-term records of atmospheric mercury deposition are lacking in the western US and the projection of future trends is uncertain both for human health and ecological communities







STUDY OBJECTIVES

- 1. Determine the rate of Hg deposition along an east to west transect where historic changes in atmospheric mercury sources have occurred
- 2. Determine impacts of long-term mercury accumulation in lakes on the biota present and to infer possible effects on human health





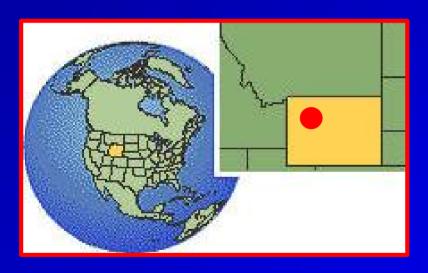
STUDY APPROACH

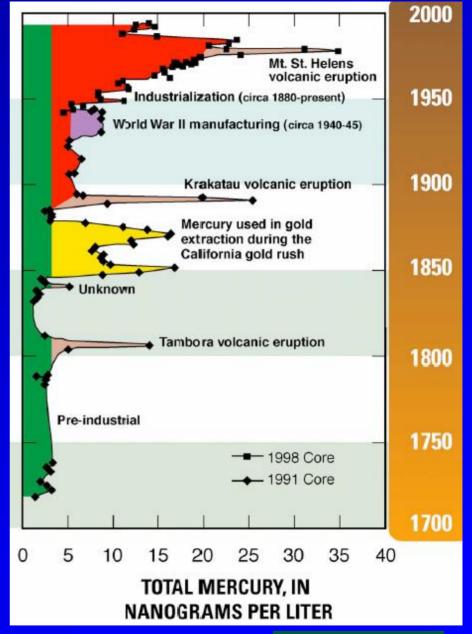
- Sediment cores collected along W-E transect in 7 lakes (western NV to GSL)
- Selection criteria: small catchment size, limited stream inflow, 150 yrs of record
- Age dating by Cs-137 and Pb-210
- Determine Hg and other TE (strong and weak acid digestions)
- Collection of invertebrates and fish (where available)
- Data analysis by non-parametric and multivariate statistical techniques





RECORD OF MERCURY DEPOSITION



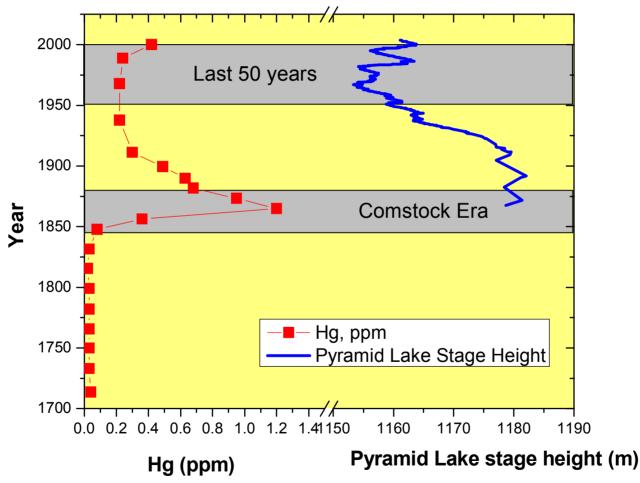






Hg RECORD IN PYRAMID LK

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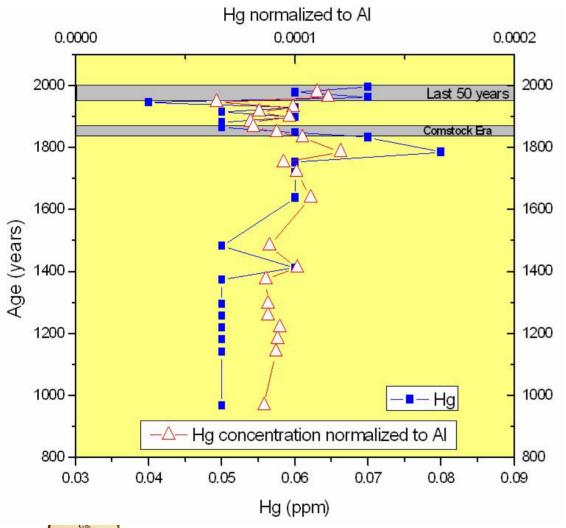


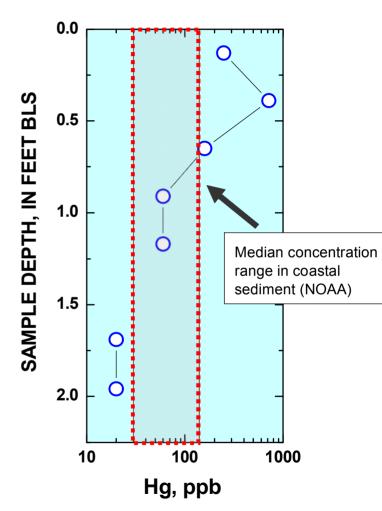


BAKER LK, NV

GSL, UT

M. Rosen, 2005









PROPOSED BUDGET

Fund sources	FY06	FY07	FY08	Total Funds
USGS, Utah Science Center	\$28,000	\$24,200	\$23,400	\$75,600
USGS, Nevada Science Center	\$28,000	\$24,200	\$23,400	\$75,600
Utah Cooperator(s) (undefined)	\$42,000	\$36,300	\$35,100	\$113,400
Nevada Cooperator(s) (undefined)	\$42,000	\$36,300	\$35,100	\$113,400
Total	\$140,000.00	\$121,000.00	\$117,000.00	\$378,000.00



